

RHC PICU INTUBATION CHECKLIST

Child

Equipment
&
Monitoring

Access &
Drugs

Team

Safety
Netting

Previous grade of intubation

Patient fasted?

Pass NG & aspirate

Pre-oxygenate

Patient's condition optimised?

sPine stable?

Positioning
(?neck roll/pillow)

Continuous monitoring

- Tone on
- SaO₂
- End tidal CO₂
- ECG
- BP (1 min)
 - Different limb to SaO₂

Equipment

- T piece & mask
- Guedel/NPA/LMA
- 2 working Laryngoscopes
- ET tubes - size +/- 0.5
- Magill's forceps
- Introducer or bougie
- Suction & Yankauer
- NG tube & aspirated
- Syringe for cuff
- Tinc Benz & Tapes
- Stethoscope

Working IV Access?

- Ensure no blockage to flow (eg BP cuff on different limb)
- If no IV access
 - ? IO
 - ? 'Gas down'

Drugs (See over for doses)

- Sedation
- Paralysis
- Resuscitation
- Infusions

Volume

- NaCl 0.9% 10-20ml/kg
- PPS 10-20 ml/kg

Who is ...?

- Team Leader
- 1st Intubator
- 2nd Intubator
- Cricoid Pressure
- Intubator's Assistant
- Drugs
- NG Aspirator
- CPR (if required)
- Nurse in Charge aware

Team Leader to vocalise plan

- Apnoeic oxygenation? (nasal cannula oxygen @ 2L/kg/min)
- Is there a known difficult airway?
- Do you need to consider:
 - 'Gassing down'
 - Do ENT/anesthetics need to be present or nearby
- If unanticipated difficult airway, how will you maintain oxygenation (plus A,B,C,D)?
- Back up team:
 - Anesthetics on call
- Any other anticipated problems?

Team Leader & Primary Nurse are responsible for ensuring checklist complete prior to carrying out intubation

Used intubation equipment should not be placed back on intubation trolley

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NB. Enter a weight on CIS & it will calculate resuscitation drug doses

INTUBATION DRUGS	DOSE (IV) (All can also be given IO)	Onset of Action (Mins)	Duration of Action (Mins)	COMMENTS
Anesthetic Drugs				
Ketamine	2mg/kg/dose	<1	10-15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good for patients in septic shock (\uparrow BP) • Increases secretions
Fentanyl	2-10 mcg/kg/dose	1-3	20-60	
Neuromuscular Blockers				
Vecuronium	0.1 - 0.2mg/kg	1-3	20-40	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caution in severe hepatic and renal failure
Rocuronium	0.6 - 1mg /kg	1	20-40	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caution in severe hepatic and renal failure
Suxamethonium	1 - 2mg/kg	0.5-1	3-5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can cause bradycardia • Can cause \uparrow K⁺(avoid in burns patients, renal failure)
Sedative Drugs				
Midazolam	50-100 mcg/kg/dose	2-5	30-120	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypotension if administered quickly
Morphine	50-100 mcg/kg/dose	2-5	60-240	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypotension if administered quickly

Calculations

ET Size: $[\text{Age (yrs)}/4] + 4$

ET Length:

Oral - $\text{Age}/2 + 12$

Nasal - $\text{Age}/2 + 15$

Resuscitation Drugs	DOSE
Adrenaline	0.1ml/kg of 1:10,000
Atropine	0.02mg/kg (min dose 0.1mg)
Calcium Chloride 10%	0.2 mmol/kg
Sodium Bicarbonate 8.4%	1-2 mmol/kg * Through separate line
Adenosine	150 - 500mcg/kg/dose *Quick flush afterwards
Amiodarone (VF/pulseless VT dose only)	5mg/kg over 3 mins (max 300mg)
Joules	4J/kg (external pads) 0.5J/kg (internal paddles)
Volume	10 - 20 ml/kg NaCl 0.9% or Albumin 5% or O ^{-ve} blood (in theatre fridges)
Sugammadex (Rocuronium reversal)	16mg/kg